

英语语言学-题库

1、Language is a system of arbitrary vocal symbols used for human communications.

答案： 正确

2、Language must be a system.

答案： 正确

3、Elements in language are arranged according to certain rules, which are a set of organizing principles that control any system of language.

答案： 正确

4、There are two basic systems in language: a system of sounds, a system of meanings.

答案： 正确

5、These two systems not only have their own, but also systematically related.

答案： 正确

6、There are () consonants in English but only a limited few can co-occur as three consonant CLUSTERS in the syllable initial position.

答案： 24;

7、Language is not a collection of some separate, discrete items and units but related and can be organized into a meaning network: semantic field.

答案： 正确

8、Language is symbolic.

答案： 正确

9、Symbol is image, object, mark, ect that suggests or refers to something else.

答案： 正确

10、The claim of the primacy of spoken language over writing is based on the historical and developmental over writing. But it doesn't mean speech is "better" than writing.

答案： 正确

11、Language is human specific design features of language.

答案： 正确

12、There are certain characteristics of human language that are not found in the communication systems of any other species.

答案： 正确

13、Productivity is unique to human language.

答案： 正确

14、Language makes possible the construction and interpretation of new signals by its users.

答案： 正确

15、Words can be used in new ways to mean new things, and can be instantly understood by people who have never come across that usage before.

答案： 正确

16、All languages have dual systems of sounds and meanings.

答案： 正确

17、Displacement means that human languages enable their users to symbolize objects, events and concepts which are not present(in time and space)at the moment of communication.

答案： 正确

18、While human capacity for language has a genetic basis, i. e., we were born with the ability to acquire language, the details of any language system are not genetically transmitted, but instead have to be taught and learned.

答案： 正确

19、By contrast, animal call systems are genetically transmitted, i. e. animals are born with the capacity to produce the set of calls peculiar to their species.

答案： 正确

20、Are there other ways of communication in addition to language?

答案: Morse code, semaphore, sign language.

21、phatic function: Language is used for establishing an atmosphere or maintaining social contact rather than for exchanging information or ideas.

答案: 正确

22、Linguistics is the scientific study of language.

答案: 正确

23、According to M.A.K. Halliday (1925-2018), a great linguist, the developmental stage for little kids can be divided into three heuristic categories: learning language, learning through language, and learning about language.

答案: 正确

24、Learning into language involves the exploration of rules that govern the language phenomenon.

答案: 正确

25、In a communicative syllabus, the objective of teaching a foreign language is developing learner' s ().

- A、 linguistic competence
- B、 communicative competence
- C、 grammatical competence
- D、 sociolinguistic competence

答案: B

26、In China, foreign language teaching is composed of activities on four levels, the first of which is ().

- A、 operation in the classroom
- B、 preparation
- C、 educational planning
- D、 evaluation

答案: C

27、() is an official document that determines the content and principles of teaching and learning authoritatively.

- A、 A syllabus
- B、 A textbook
- C、 An educational plan
- D、 A test

答案： A

28、 () is the approximate language system that the learner constructs for use in communication through the target language.

- A、 Metalanguage
- B、 Interlanguage
- C、 Sign
- D、 Esperanto

答案： B

29、 The term () is used for less drastic difference restricted to variation in pronunciation.

- A、 sociolect
- B、 dialect
- C、 geographical
- D、 accent

答案： D

30、 () is the label given to the form of a language used by any group of speakers or used in a particular field.

- A、 variety
- B、 register
- C、 dialect
- D、 Creole

答案： A

31、 British English and American English are () varieties of the English language.

- A、 functional
- B、 social
- C、 regional

D、 standard

答案： C

32、 () is/are used most widely in a community.

A、 Sociolects

B、 regional dialects

C、 The standard variety

D、 Registers

答案： C

33、 Pre-sequences are a fundamental unit of conversational structure.

答案： 正确

34、 Words like male and female, pass and fail, etc. are relative antonyms.

答案： 正确

35、 Pragmatics analysis is concerned with sentence meaning.

答案： 正确

36、 Modality can be categorized into probability and usuality.

答案： 正确

37、 The term Creole is the label given to the form of a language used by any group of speakers or used in a particular field.

答案： 正确

38、 When expressing idea, language users are actually making choices in a system of systems and trying to realize different semantic function.

答案： 正确

39、 Which of the following is NOT about how language is acquired?()

A、 learning how to use computer

B、 learning in second language context

C、 learn their mother tongues

D、 learning in foreign language context

答案： A

40、What is creativity?

答案: By creativity, we mean language can be used to create new meanings.

41、Linguistics deals with a particular language.

答案: 错误

42、Linguistics is scientific because it is helpful to language use.

答案: 错误

43、The task of a linguist is to discover the nature and rules of the underlying language system.

答案: 正确

44、Linguistics is generally divided into general and specific linguistics.

答案: 错误

45、General linguistics deals with the general aspects of language application.

答案: 错误

46、General linguistics does not study theories of language.

答案: 错误

47、F. de Saussure was a Swiss linguist.

答案: 正确

48、Looking at the ways in which a speaker can manipulate () and () to vary meaning or express feelings or attitudes.

A、 voice

B、 stress

C、 tone

D、 mood

答案: BC

49、Unstressed syllables crowded between stressed syllables sound () and ().

A、 light

B、 vague

C、 clear

D、 heavy

答案： AB

50、 Which of the following are abstract nouns? ()

A、 comfort

B、 education

C、 air

D、 failure

答案： ABD

51、 Which of the following are collective nouns? ()

A、 water

B、 police

C、 family

D、 staff

答案： BCD

52、 Duality of language means language is a two-level system.

答案： 正确

53、 Writing is more basic than speech.

答案： 错误

54、 There have been some 2,500 languages in the world.

答案： 错误

55、 About two thirds of languages in the world have not had written form.

答案： 正确

56、 Linguists are interested in all sounds.

答案： 错误

57、 The limited range of sounds that are meaningful in human communication constitute the phonic medium of language.

答案： 正确

58、Phonetics studies human sound patterning and the meaning of sounds in communication.

答案： 错误

59、Phonology studies how a sound is produced.

答案： 错误

60、Morphology is the study of sentences.

答案： 错误

61、Syntax is the study of the rules of words.

答案： 错误

62、Semantics is the study of word meaning.

答案： 错误

63、Pragmatics is the study of meaning in context of language use.

答案： 正确

64、Sociolinguistics deals with the relation between language and society.

答案： 正确

65、Psycholinguistics deals with the relation of language to psychology.

答案： 正确

66、Applied linguistics means the language application to specific areas.

答案： 错误

67、Modern linguistics aims at prescribing models for language users to follow.

答案： 错误

68、Synchronic linguistics deals with a series of language phenomena at the same time.

答案： 错误

69、Diachronic linguistics is also called historical linguistics.

答案： 正确

70、Lange means competence.

答案： 错误

71、Parole is a French word; it means the concrete language events.

答案： 正确

72、Phonetic similarity, not phonetic identity, is the criterion with which we operate in the phonological analysis of languages.

答案： 正确

73、The greatest source of modification of the air stream is found in the oral cavity.

答案： 正确

74、The narrowing of space between the hard palate and the front of the tongue results in the sound [j].

答案： 正确

75、[k], [g] and [n] are velar sounds.

答案： 错误

76、[i] is a semi-close vowel.

答案： 错误

77、[h] is the glottal sound.

答案： 正确

78、[ei] is a monophthong.

答案： 错误

79、Phonology is of a general nature.

答案： 错误

80、Phonetics deals with speech sounds in all human languages.

答案： 正确

81、Is speaking important for the English teacher?

A、 Yes, it is.

B、 No, it isn't.

- C、 Not sure.
- D、 Not very inimportant.

答案: A

82、 British people will more () than American people.

- A、 Rude.
- B、 Impolite.
- C、 Gentle.
- D、 Casual.

答案: C

83、 English has () phonemes.

- A、 36
- B、 48
- C、 26
- D、 24

答案: B

84、 English has () vowel phonemes.

- A、 16
- B、 18
- C、 20
- D、 26

答案: C

85、 There are () diphthongs in English.

- A、 8
- B、 10
- C、 12
- D、 16

答案: A

86、 Choose one word which has different pronunciation from the other three.

- A、 sad
- B、 cat
- C、 mad
- D、 hard

答案: D

87、 Choose one word which has different pronunciation from the other three.

- A、 some
- B、 home
- C、 so
- D、 cold

答案: A

88、 There are () monophthong in English.

- A、 10
- B、 12
- C、 16
- D、 20

答案: B

89、 Why do we bother with stress and rhythm in English?

- A、 Because they are very important in English.
- B、 Because they are simple.
- C、 Because they are hard to study.
- D、 Above of all.

答案: A

90、 "teacher" has () syllables.

- A、 1
- B、 2
- C、 3
- D、 4

答案: B

91、"two" has () syllables.

- A、 1
- B、 2
- C、 3
- D、 4

答案: A

92、"agriculture" has () syllables.

- A、 1
- B、 2
- C、 3
- D、 4

答案: D

93、Rising intonation at the () of a sentence is called rising intonation.

- A、 beginning
- B、 middle
- C、 stress
- D、 end

答案: D

94、A phone does not necessarily distinguish meaning.

答案: 正确

95、Which of the following isomorphic nouns are singular or plural?
()

- A、 sheep
- B、 species
- C、 means
- D、 Chinese

答案: ABCD

96、Which of the following words add "es" to the plural? ()

- A、 potato

- B、 hero
- C、 video
- D、 zoo

答案： AB

97、 He is still ().

- A、 live
- B、 alive
- C、 living
- D、 lived

答案： BC

98、 He bought some () fish.

- A、 live
- B、 living
- C、 alive
- D、 lived

答案： AC

99、 Which of these words are not adverbs? ()

- A、 costly
- B、 deadly
- C、 friendly
- D、 gladly

答案： ABC

100、 Pronouns belong to closed class words.

答案： 正确

101、 The word ‘unacceptability’ has four morphemes.

答案： 正确

102、 The word ‘boy’ is a free morpheme.

答案： 正确

103、 The morpheme ‘-or’ in ‘actor’ is an inflectional morpheme.

答案： 错误

104、The -s in 'works' of 'He works hard.' is a bound morpheme.

答案： 错误

105、The word 'unsad' is acceptable in English.

答案： 错误

106、Compounding is a very common and frequent process for enlarging the vocabulary of the English language.

答案： 正确

107、The prefix a- in 'asexual' means 'without'.

答案： 正确

108、Phrases can consist of just one word, but more often they contain other elements as well.

答案： 正确

109、Smog comes from what two words?

答案： Smoke and fog.

110、Brunch comes from what two words?

答案： Breakfast and lunch.

111、Are there other ways of communication in addition to language?

答案： Morse code, semaphore, sign language.

112、What are the stresses of "I'll call the police."

A、 I'll

B、 call

C、 the

D、 police

答案： BD

113、What are the stresses of "Give me your purse?"

A、 give

B、 me

C、 your

D、 purse

答案： AD

114、 Looking at the ways in which a speaker can manipulate () and () to vary meaning or express feelings or attitudes.

A、 voice

B、 stress

C、 tone

D、 mood

答案： BC

115、 Unstressed syllables crowded between stressed syllables sound () and ().

A、 light

B、 vague

C、 clear

D、 heavy

答案： AB

116、 What are the main types of English intonation? ()

A、 falling tone

B、 rising tone

C、 fall-rise tone

D、 rise-fall tone

答案： ABC

117、 Choose one word which has different pronunciation from the other three.

A、 single

B、 goal

C、 generous

D、 group

答案： C

118、 /h/ is a ().

- A、voiced consonant
- B、alveolar sound
- C、voiceless consonant
- D、labial dentition

答案: C

119、Choose one word which has different pronunciation from the other three.

- A、rome
- B、rose
- C、room
- D、robe

答案: C

120、Choose one word which has different pronunciation from the other three.

- A、dead
- B、bread
- C、bed
- D、bad

答案: D

121、/d/ is a voiceless consonant.

- A、正确
- B、错误

答案: B

122、Hyponymy is a relation of exclusion of meaning.

答案: 错误

123、What is the scope of translation?

- A、In terms of languages.
- B、In terms of mode.
- C、In terms of materials to be translated.

D、 In terms of disposal:(full-text translation,abridged translation,adapted translation.)

答案: ABCD

124、 The basic skills of word translation include ().

- A、 增减法
- B、 词汇转类法
- C、 反译法
- D、 分译法

答案: ABCD

125、 What are the reasons of studying translation?

- A、 Help you know more about language.
- B、 Help you know more about culture.
- C、 Help you appreciate more translation classics.
- D、 Help you prepare for your future job.

答案: ABCD

126、 How to improve translation ability?

- A、 Master idioms,habitual collocations and set phrases besides enlarging your vocabulary.
- B、 Lay a good foundation in English and Chinese language.
- C、 Lay a good foundation in English and Chinese culture.
- D、 Know more about encyclopedic knowledge.

答案: ABCD

127、 The syntactic features of English are:().

- A、 The subject is prominent
- B、 The predicate is absolutely governed by the subject
- C、 Sentences are often connected with conjunctions that express logical relations.
- D、 According to the syntax of the sentence, the form is complete and rigorous.

答案: ABCD

128、The principles to be followed when determining the subject are: () .

- A、 Must conform to the British and American way of thinking
- B、 It must be the information that should be highlighted in the sentence
- C、 Must conform to the logical relationship in the sentence
- D、 In text translation, it is necessary to meet the needs of the context

答案: ABCD

129、 In a broad sense, English idioms include: () .

- A、 slang
- B、 twin
- C、 jargon
- D、 proverb

答案: ABCD

130、 The words ‘doctor’ and ‘patient’ are relational synonyms.

答案: 正确

131、 ‘I have been to Beijing.’ entails ‘I have been to North China.’

答案: 正确

132、 ‘His friend is coming.’ presupposes ‘He has a friend.’

答案: 正确

133、 ‘Mary is single.’ is inconsistent with ‘Mary is married.’

答案: 正确

134、 ‘His dumb boy spoke good English.’ is a contradiction.

答案: 正确

135、 Pragmatics is a linguistic branch that developed in the 1890s.

答案: 错误

136、 Will you take a train () Tianjian.

答案: to;

137、He got on a train () Shanghai.

答案: for;

138、He lives () a small village.

答案: at;

139、She went () the street to make some purchases.

答案: across;

140、The sunlight was coming in () the window.

答案: through;

141、He failed to go () the mountain; he had to go round it.

答案: over;

142、We are () Team One.

答案: in;

143、Li Ping is () my left.

答案: on;

144、He lives () No.200, Nanjing Road.

答案: at;

145、Beijing is () the north of China.

答案: in;

146、‘I will return the book to you soon.’ is an expressive.

答案: 错误

147、‘Do not say what you believe to be false’ is a maxim of relation.

答案: 错误

148、‘Be brief’ belongs to the maxim of manner.

答案: 正确

149、‘Make your contribution as informative as required (for the current purpose of the exchange).’ belongs to the maxim of quality.

答案: 错误

150、Sound changes tend to be systematic.

答案： 正确

151、The word ‘home’ was written as ‘hām’ in Old English.

答案： 正确

152、The word ‘mice’ , which is pronounced as [maɪs], was pronounced as [mi:s] in Middle English.

答案： 正确

153、In Chaucer’s the Canterbury Tales, we can find ‘his’ to replace ‘it’ in Modern English, as in ‘Whan that Aprille with his shoures sooth’ . This reflects the change in the ‘agreement’ rule.

答案： 正确

154、‘I love thee not.’ before the 16th century, has now become ‘I do not love you.’ This means the change in negation rule.

答案： 正确

155、The English pronoun ‘our’ has experienced a process of simplification from Old English.

答案： 正确

156、The word ‘fridge’ is a loan word.

答案： 错误

157、The word ‘walkman’ is a blend.

答案： 错误

158、The word ‘mike’ is a clipped word.

答案： 正确

159、The word ‘videophone’ is an acronym.

答案： 错误

160、What does “without a scratch” mean?

答案： 安然无恙。

161、What does “Be without equal” mean?

答案： 无可匹敌，首屈一指。

162、ISBN means International Standard Book Number.

答案： 正确

163、The word ‘baby-sit’ is a word from back-formation.

答案： 正确

164、From a small point of view, what aspects should be paid attention to in translation checking?

- A、 Translation strategies
- B、 Style and style
- C、 Language form
- D、 The semantic

答案： ABCD

165、From a big point of view, what aspects should be paid attention to in translation checking?

- A、 Syntactic structure
- B、 Semantic collocation
- C、 Logical structure
- D、 rhetoric

答案： ABCD

166、The principles of choosing predicates in Chinese-English translation are as follows:().

- A、 Remain the same as the subject in person and number.
- B、 Keep the tense consistent with the meaning of the original text.
- C、 Fit logically with the object.
- D、 The predicate and the subject are logically well matched.

答案： ABCD

167、What is the nature of translation?

- A、 Translation is a science, an art, a skill, a craft, an operation or a kind of communication.
- B、 If "translation" refers to a subject, namely, the study of translation theory and skills, it is no doubt a science with its own rules, laws and principles for the translators to abide by.

C、 If it refers to some specific pieces of translation, then it is more like an art, with each piece manifesting its own charms and style in the creative hands of the translator.

D、 If it refers to a process, then we may regard it as a craft or skill. For unlike any branch of natural science, the process of translation has its peculiarity, and none of its rules and principles is universally applicable/

答案: ABCD

168、 The word ‘beer’ comes from German.

答案: 正确

169、 The word ‘meat’ we use now has gone through the narrowing of meaning.

答案: 正确

170、 The word ‘holiday’ has gone through the widening of meaning.

答案: 正确

171、 The word ‘silly’ used to mean ‘happy’ in Old English.

答案: 正确

172、 The use of the expressions ‘to update’, ‘to host’ and ‘to check up’ indicates the influence of American English.

答案: 正确

173、 () 前缀表示反对。

答案: anti-;

174、 Many () (woman manager) prefer to use the word “Ms” instead of “Miss” or “Mrs” before their names in business correspondence.

答案: women managers;

175、 My uncle lives () 105 Beijing Street.

答案: at;

176、 He was () (mention) in the letter.

答案: mentioned;

177、 I’m sorry I forgot to write; I had so much else () my mind.

答案: on;

178、Received Pronunciation in British English is a dialect of London that is representative of standard English.

答案： 错误

179、Accent is an important marker of sociolect.

答案： 正确

180、Language acquisition is concerned with the acquisition of a foreign language.

答案： 错误

181、The behaviourist view of LA was not prevalent until the 1960s.

答案： 错误

182、The sentence ‘Himself saw John.’ is acceptable in English.

答案： 错误

183、A target language is always a foreign language.

答案： 错误

184、According to Littlewood, the first language study has served as a backcloth for perceiving and understanding new facts about second language learning.

答案： 正确

185、Such sentences as ‘there are more and more people want to be a postgraduate student’ indicate the Chinese transfer errors.

答案： 正确

186、By ‘He wanted me to come’ , a learner produced such an incorrect sentence as ‘He hoped me to come’ . This constitutes the situation of cross-association.

答案： 正确

187、The incorrect sentence ‘The question is too difficult to answer it.’ is very probably the result of overgeneralization.

答案： 错误

188、The human brain is divided into two sections, the brain stem and the cerebrum.

答案： 正确

189、The pronunciation of ‘this’ as ‘dis’ is very likely to be caused by interlingual interference.

答案： 正确

190、Prepositions in English are not only abundant in number, but also flexible in collocation with other parts of speech. () can all be its object.

- A、 nouns
- B、 pronouns
- C、 gerunds
- D、 clauses

答案： ABCD

191、It is standard practice for an English native student to greet his teacher before a lecture by saying ‘Good morning, teacher!’.

答案： 错误

192、It is proper in English to say ‘no, no’ in response to such a praise as ‘You’ ve made good progress.’ to show one’ s modesty.

答案： 错误

193、Which of the following terms describe human intelligence?()

- A、 clever
- B、 sharp
- C、 stupid
- D、 bright

答案： ABCD

194、Text as a standard of communicative activity includes ().

- A、 cohesion
- B、 acceptability
- C、 informativity
- D、 situationality

答案： ABCD

195、A prominent phonological feature of Black English is the deletion of the consonant at the end of a word, as in ‘desk’ [des].

答案： 正确

196、M. A. K. Halliday is a British linguist.

答案： 正确

197、The term ‘diglossia’ was first used by Ferguson in 1959.

答案： 正确

198、grief: ().

- A、 礼物
- B、 悲伤, 极度痛苦
- C、 麻烦或挫折
- D、 信任的

答案： BC

199、passion: ().

- A、 激情强烈的感情
- B、 无限的热爱
- C、 激情爆发感情的恣意发泄, 尤指怒气
- D、 酷爱

答案： ABCD

200、glance: ().

- A、 粗略地看一下
- B、 仔细看
- C、 闪微光, 闪烁
- D、 盯着

答案： AC